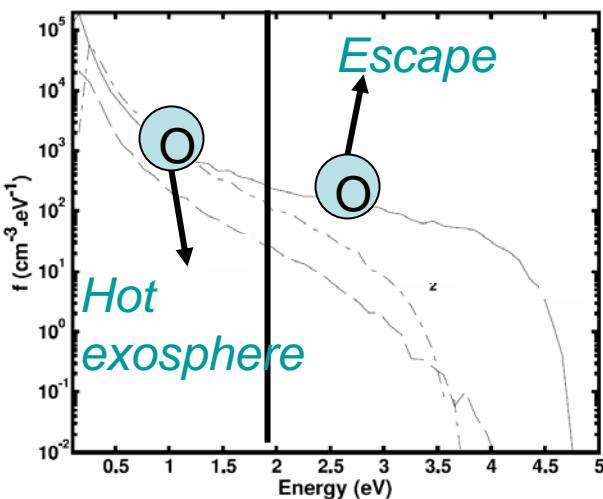


Mars Corona and Solar wind interaction :
What has been done

Chaufray J-Y, R. Modolo, F. Leblanc, G. Chanteur

Oxygen corona and escape



Adapted From Cipriani et al. (2007)

Cold exosphere

Escape

Hot exosphere

$$\mathbf{E} = -\mathbf{V}_{\text{sw}} \times \mathbf{B}_{\text{IMF}}$$

Diffusion from the lower thermosphere

Thermosphere

Chemical Reactions in the upper thermosphere

Solar Wind erosion

- Pick-up ions
- Sputtering



1) Extended Corona (O , H) :

Thermal and non-thermal population

Thermal population : Chamberlain's approach (1D)

Non thermal population (O_2^+ RD) : 3D Monte Carlo

Solar Max
Solar Min

3) Ions / ENA flux

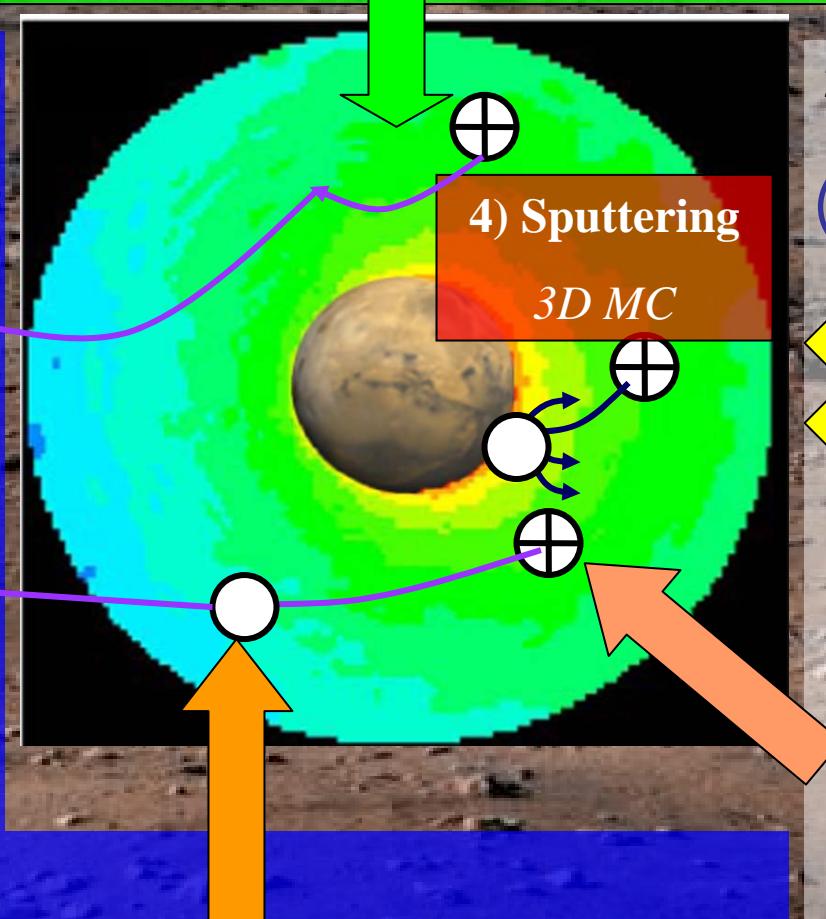
3D MC "test particle"

Exospheric O⁺ Escape

O ENA escape

-Escape flux

-Impacting flux



Charge Exchange : ENA production

2) Interaction SW/Corona

Interplanetary Magnetic Field (IMF)

Solar Wind (H⁺, e⁻)

Ionization

- Solar photons
- Electron Impacts
- Charge Exchange

3D Hybrid Model (Modolo et al. 2005)

Hot Oxygen Model

1) Goal

Hot oxygen corona produced by O₂⁺ DR

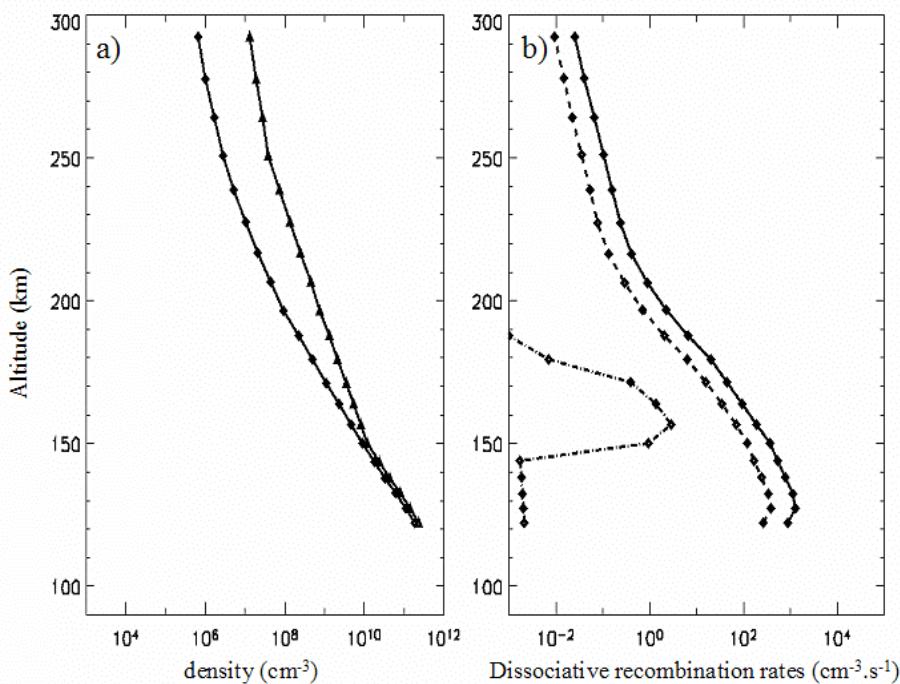


$$\alpha(z, sza) = 2.4 \times 10^{-7} \left(\frac{300}{T_e} \right)^{0.7} n(e^-) n(\text{O}_2^+)$$

2) Input

1D Thermospheric neutral atmosphere (CO₂, O Densities, Temperature)

2D O₂⁺ density profiles ; 1D electron temperature profile



No production, no collisions
above 300 km

Hot Oxygen Model

Resolution (spherical coordinates)

$\Delta z \sim 6\text{ km}$ (at 120 km) $\rightarrow 500\text{ km}$ (at 10,000 km)

$\Delta\theta \sim 3^\circ$ (equator) - 20° (pole)

$\Delta\phi \sim 6^\circ$

3) Algorithm (DSMC code)

- Track hot oxygen atoms along their trajectory (time step = 0.05s)
- Compute collisions below 300 km (no collisions above 300 km)
- Compute density and velocity distribution function in the corona ($> 300\text{ km}$)

Atoms trajectory : resolution of the movement equation in gravitation field

Collisions

- Number of collisions in each cell
- Scattering angle (Universal Potential)
- New velocity components

Density corona : update each time step : $n(i) = n(i) + \sum \text{Weight} \times dt$

Hot Oxygen Model

4) Main Output

Hot Oxygen Corona density

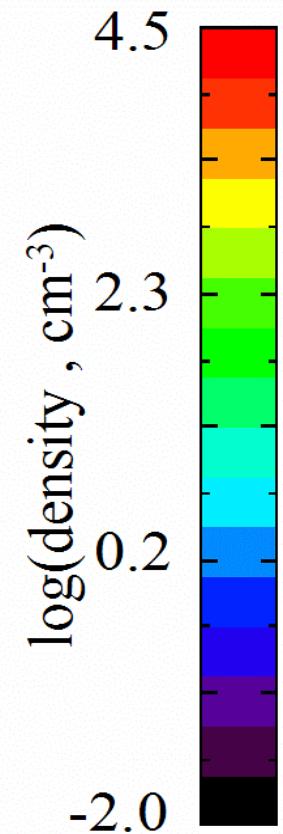
Solar Minimum

a)

midnight sunset noon
sunrise

Solar Maximum

b)



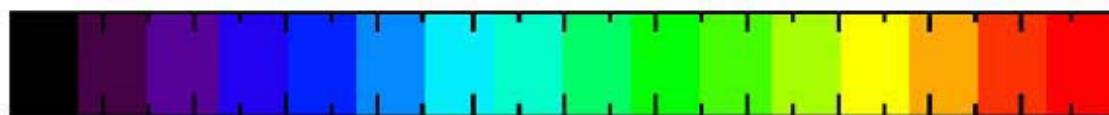
Chaufray et al. 2007

-24

-20

-16

-12



12h

18h

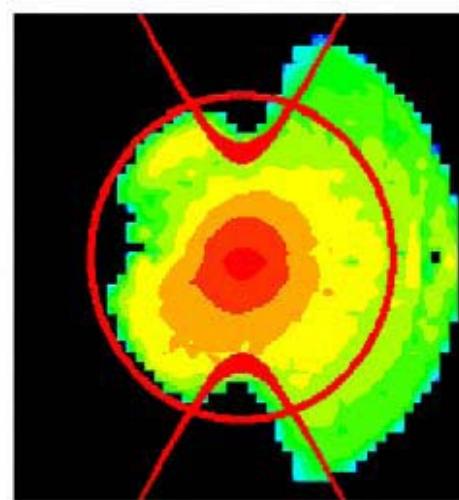
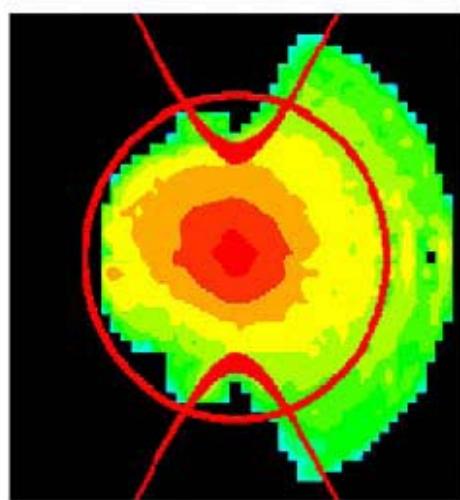
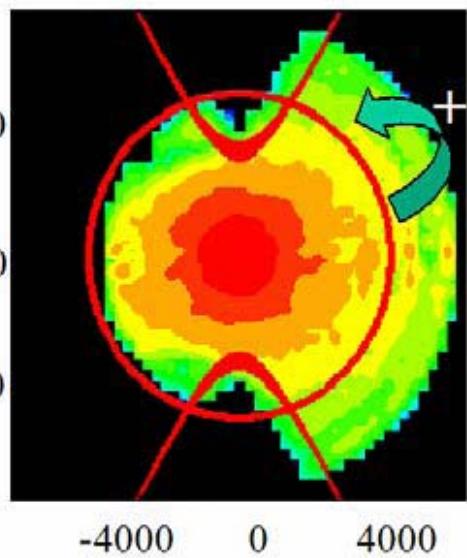
6h

V_h (m/s)

4000
0
-4000

-4000 0 4000

V_r (m/s)



Solar wind interaction with atmosphere

1) Goal

Compute O⁺ production and escape flux

Compute O⁺ sputtering flux

Describe Hot O produced by charge exchange $O^+ + M \rightarrow O(\text{hot}) + M^+$

2) Input

Corona model (O cold and hot, H)

Photoionization frequencies

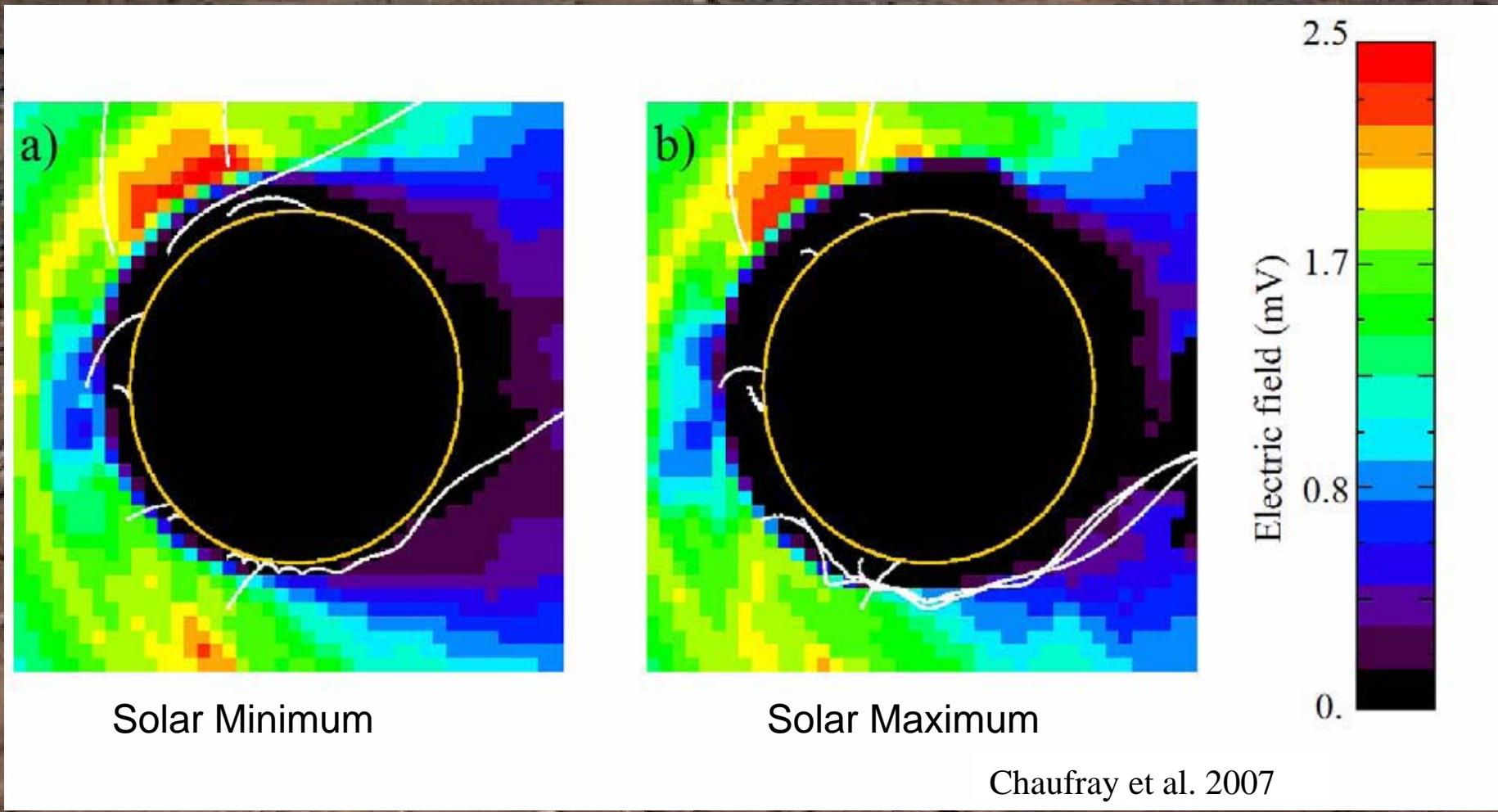
Solar wind parameters

3) Hybrid code (Modolo et al. 2005)

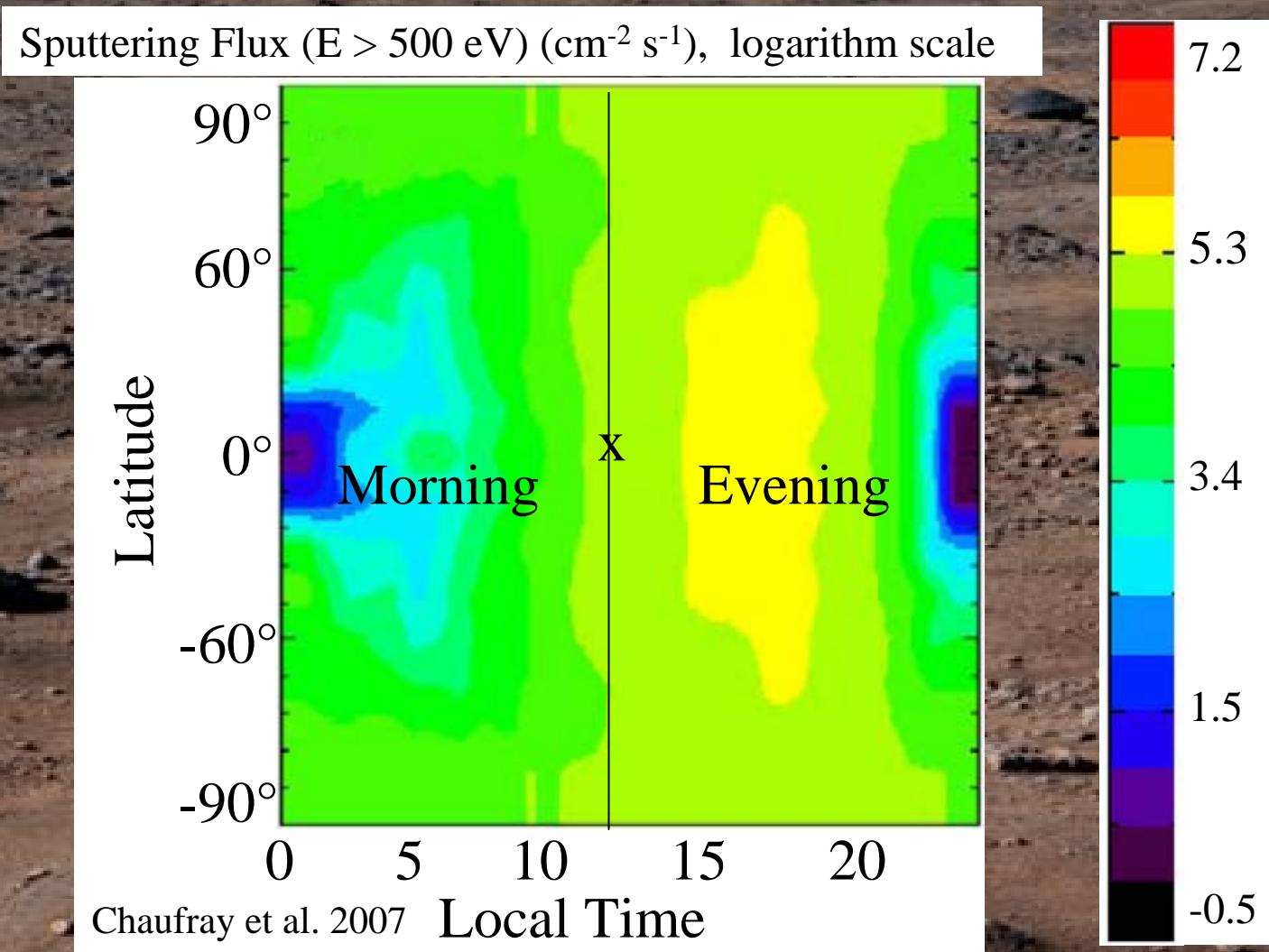
4) Ions tracking code

- Use the O⁺ production rates from Hybrid code
- Track ions in the EM environment (from hybrid code)
- Compute escape and sputtering flux of O⁺ ; describe charge exchange with corona (H, O)
- Compute escape and sputtering flux of O ENA

Trajectories of ions in the Martian EM environment



Sputtering flux reimpacting the planet (at 300 km)



Sputtering Model

1) Goal

Compute oxygen escape flux from sputtering

Compute hot oxygen corona created by sputtering

2) Input

2D Sputtering Flux at 300 km

Thermospheric profile : same profile than oxygen corona model

3) Algorithm (DSMC code)

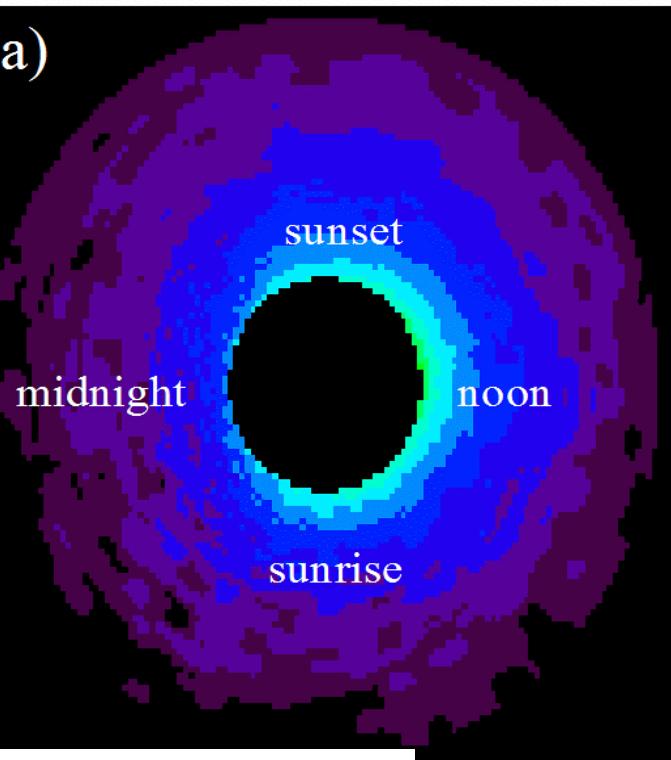
Same algorithm than hot oxygen corona model

Sputtering Model

4) Main Output

Solar Minimum

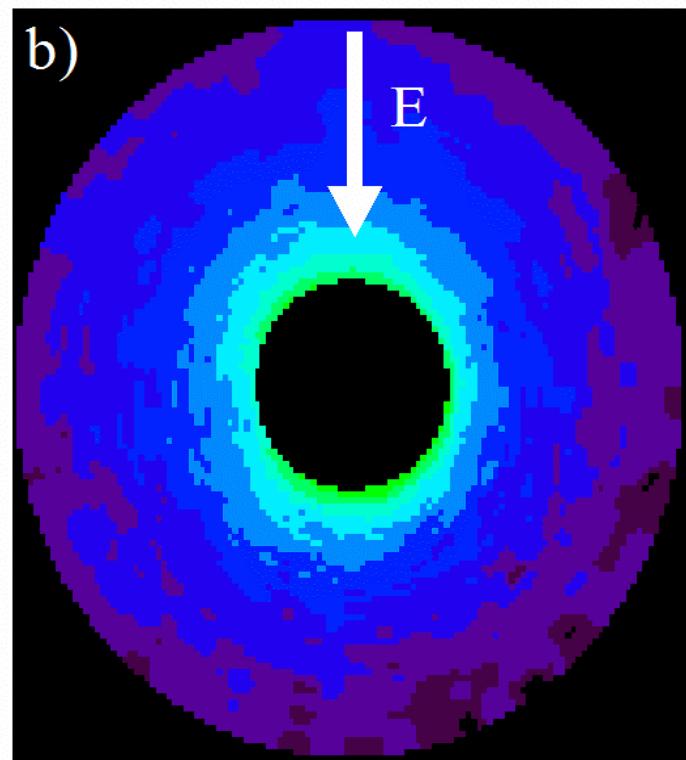
a)



Chaufray et al. 2007

Solar Maximum

b)



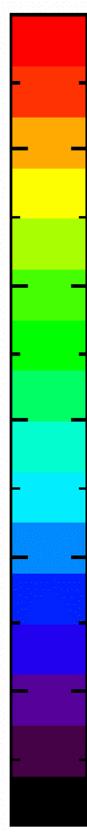
$\log(\text{density , cm}^{-3})$

4.5

2.3

0.2

-2.0



Escape processes

	Escape Flux (s^{-1}) <i>Solar Min</i>		Escape Flux (s^{-1}) <i>Solar Max</i>
Dissociative Recombination	1×10^{25}	X 4 →	4×10^{25}
O ⁺ exospheric escape	2×10^{23}	X 15 →	3×10^{24}
O ENA escape (charge exchange)	4×10^{22}	X 10 →	4×10^{23}
Sputtering	2×10^{23}	X 3.5 →	7×10^{23}

Conclusion

Main results

First consistent study of oxygen escape /corona for current solar conditions (solar max and min)

Oxygen escape is dominated by dissociative recombination

Main Limits of the current study

- Simplification of the thermosphere (spherical symmetry, no wind,...)
- Resolution of hybrid model ~ 300 km (not very accurate near the exobase where interactions become important)
- No crustal field
- Limited to atomic oxygen escape
- No description of past conditions (water escape along martian history)